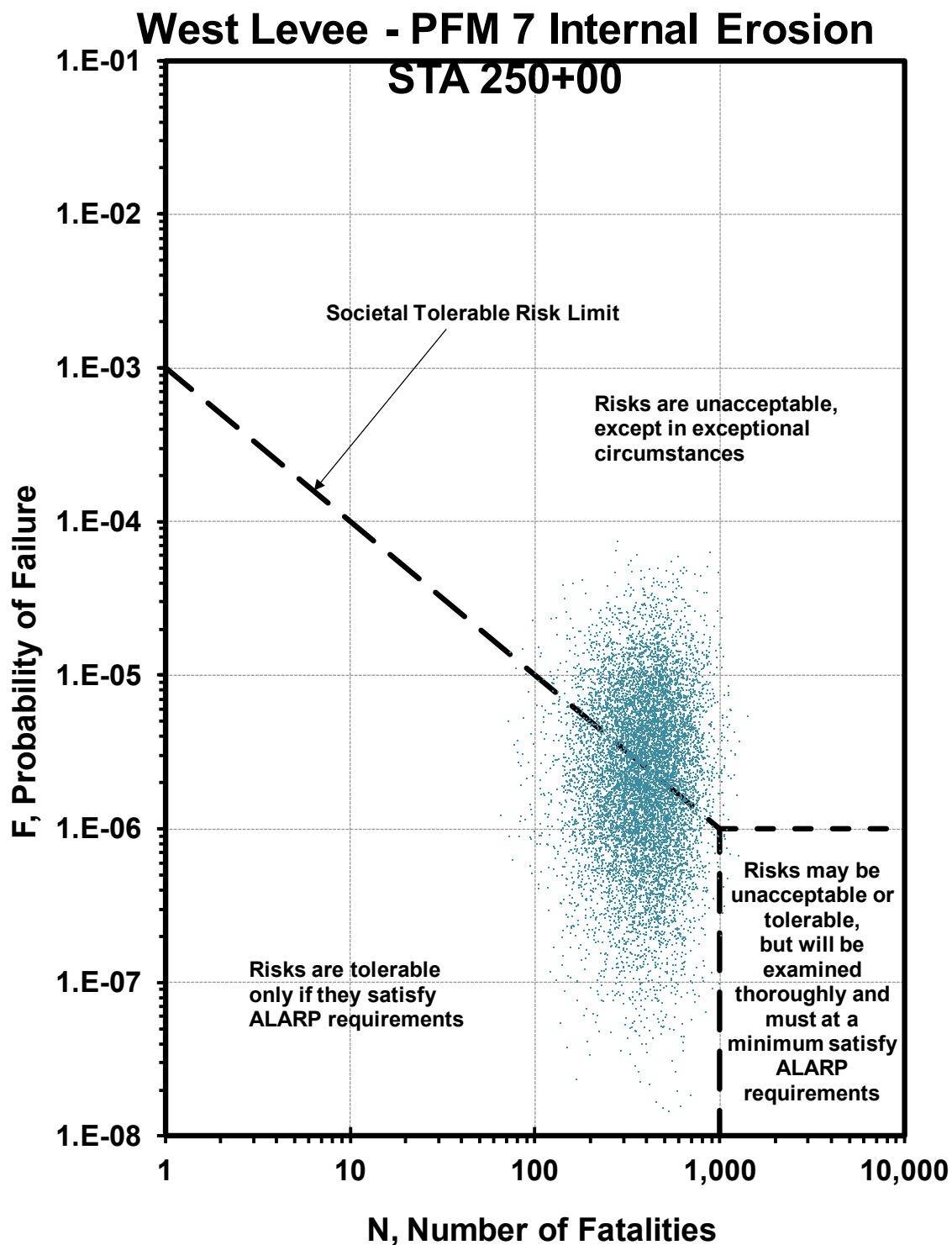
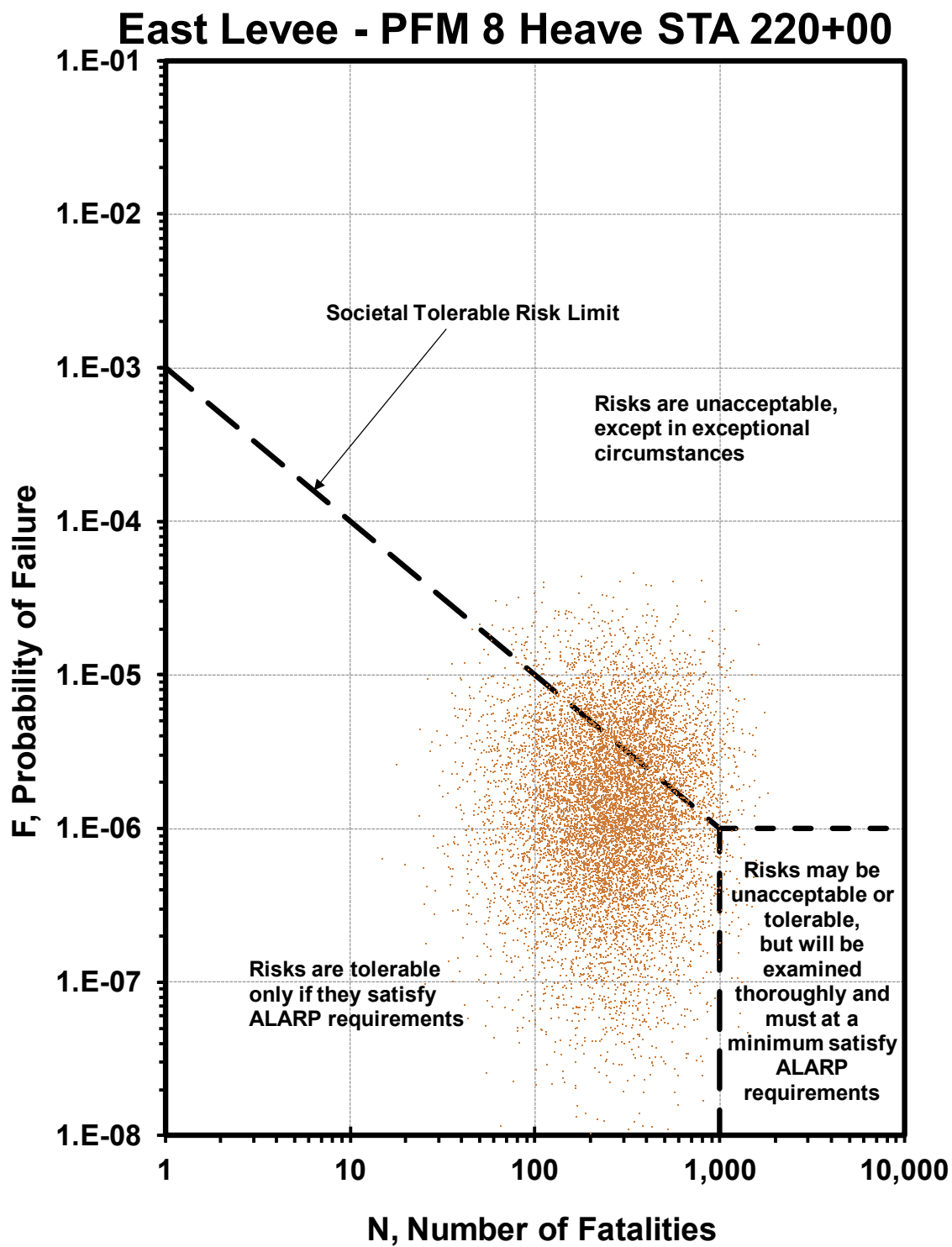
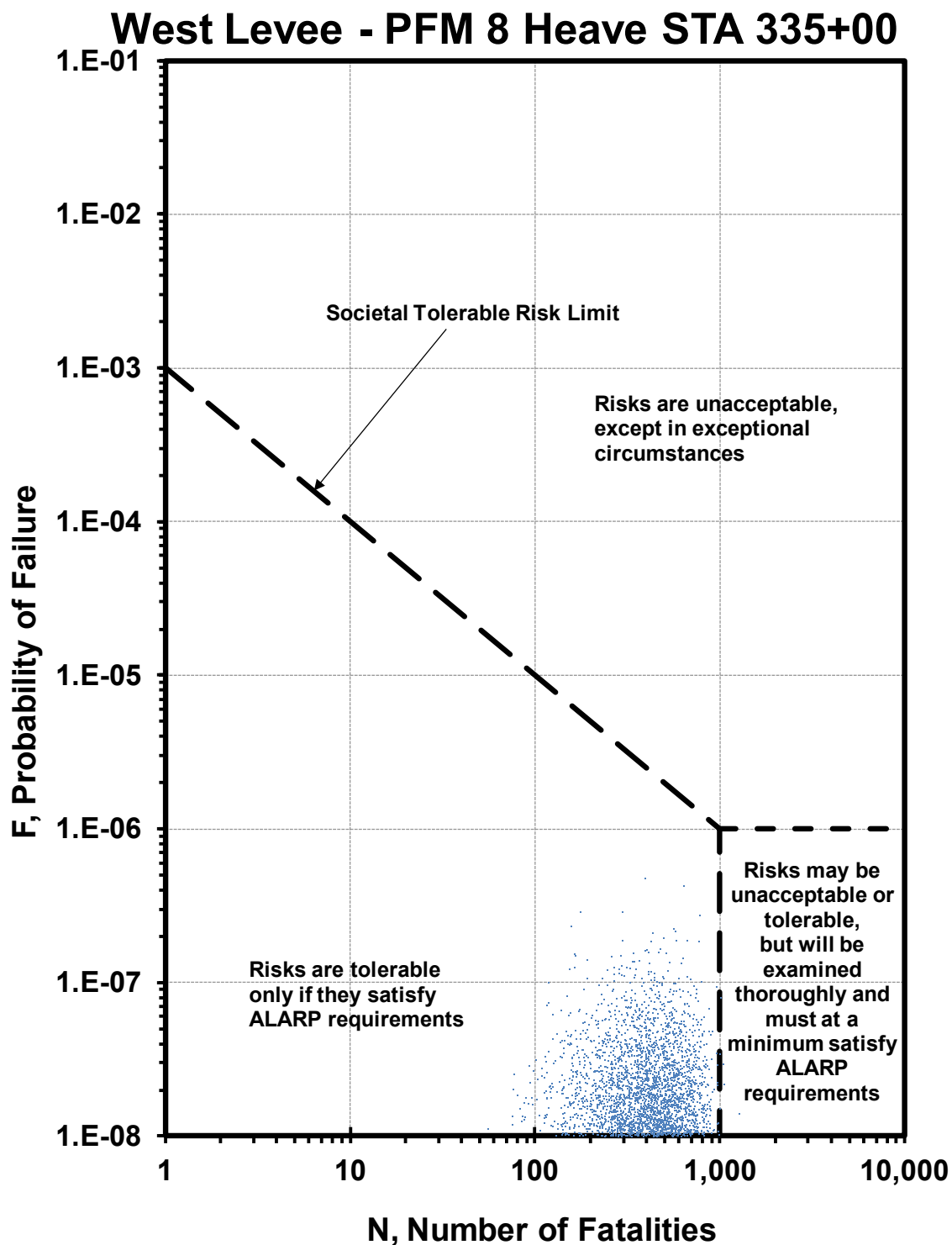








Appendix G – Participants

Potential Failure Mode Assessment – November 2011

Name	Organization
Gregg Scott	RMC – Risk Cadre
Nate Snorteland	RMC – Risk Cadre
Corby Lewis	MVP – Risk Cadre
Jeff McClenathan	RMC – Risk Cadre
Randy Mead	SWT – Risk Cadre
Michael Navin	MVS – Risk Cadre
Jeff Schaefer	RMC – Risk Cadre
Jim Wright	RMC – Risk Cadre
Tu Nguyen	POA
Andy Hill	RMC
Maria Wegner-Johnson	HQUSACE
Monte Pearson	ERDC
Lucas Walshire	ERDC
Brendan Yuill	ERDC
Sarwenaj Ashraf	SWF
Al Branch	SWF
David Wilson	SWF
Craig Loftin	SWF
Barney Davis	RMC
Greg Ajemian	City of Dallas
Liz Fernandez	City of Dallas
Kelly High	City of Dallas
Dhruv Pandya	City of Dallas
Wael Alkasawneh	HNTB
Jorge Alba	HNTB
Brad Barth	HNTB
Scott Breen	HNTB
Darin Maciolek	HNTB

Risk Assessment – Week 1 – December 2011

Name	Organization
Gregg Scott	RMC – Risk Cadre
Nate Snorteland	RMC – Risk Cadre
Corby Lewis	MVP – Risk Cadre
Jeff McClenathan	RMC – Risk Cadre
Randy Mead	SWT – Risk Cadre
Michael Navin	MVS – Risk Cadre
Jeff Schaefer	RMC – Risk Cadre
Jim Wright	RMC – Risk Cadre

Name	Organization
Nick Lutz	LRL – Risk Cadre
Tu Nguyen	POA
Andy Hill	RMC
Maria Wegner-Johnson	HQUSACE
Monte Pearson	ERDC
Lucas Walshire	ERDC
Brendan Yuill	ERDC
Sarwenaj Ashraf	SWF
Craig Loftin	SWF
Larry Donovan	SWF
Jodie Foster	SWF
Julie Gibbs	SWF
Barney Davis	RMC
Greg Ajemian	City of Dallas
Liz Fernandez	City of Dallas
Kelly High	City of Dallas
Dhruv Pandya	City of Dallas
Dorcy Clark	City of Dallas
Wael Alkasawneh	HNTB
Jorge Alba	HNTB
Brad Barth	HNTB
Scott Breen	HNTB
Darin Maciolek	HNTB
Lesley Schwaye	HNTB

Risk Assessment – Week 2 – January 2012

Name	Organization
Gregg Scott	RMC – Risk Cadre
Nate Snorteland	RMC – Risk Cadre
Corby Lewis	MVP – Risk Cadre
Jeff McClenathan	RMC – Risk Cadre
Randy Mead	SWT – Risk Cadre
Michael Navin	MVS – Risk Cadre
Jeff Schaefer	RMC – Risk Cadre
Jim Wright	RMC – Risk Cadre
Nick Lutz	LRL – Risk Cadre
Tu Nguyen	POA
Andy Hill	RMC
Maria Wegner-Johnson	HQUSACE
Lucas Walshire	ERDC
Brendan Yuill	ERDC
Sarwenaj Ashraf	SWF
Les Perrin	SWF – 1 day
Craig McCluskey	SWF – 1 day
Ken Klaus	ERDC

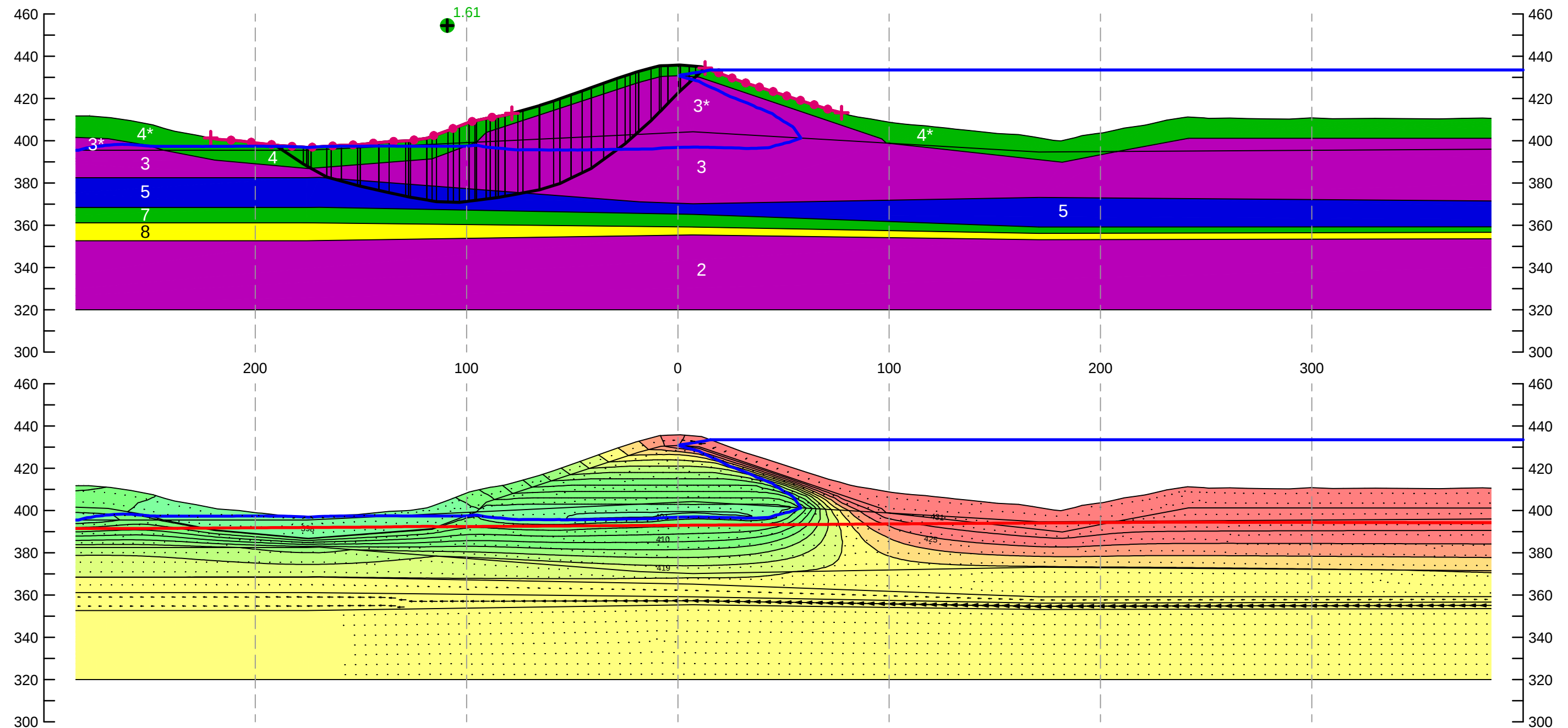
Name	Organization
Craig Loftin	SWF
Larry Donovan	SWF
Jodie Foster	SWF
Julie Gibbs	SWF
Barney Davis	RMC
Greg Ajemian	City of Dallas
Liz Fernandez	City of Dallas
Kelly High	City of Dallas
Dhruv Pandya	City of Dallas
Dorcy Clark	City of Dallas
Wael Alkasawneh	HNTB
Jorge Alba	HNTB
Brad Barth	HNTB
Scott Breen	HNTB
Darin Maciolek	HNTB
Lesley Schwaye	HNTB

Appendix H – References

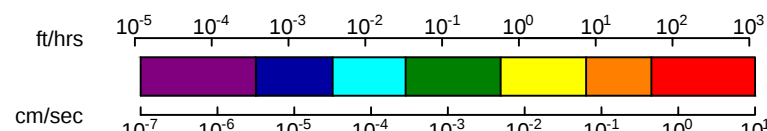
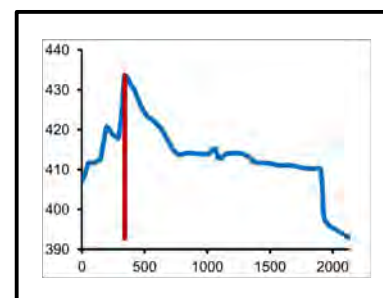
Below is a partial list of references used during the risk assessment. In totality, there were thousands of pages of documents that were reviewed, but because they were in draft or pre-draft stages, they are not listed here.

1. DRAFT Dallas Floodway System 100-Year Levee Remediation Section 408 Submittal Package Prepared By: HNTB Corporation Dallas, Texas August 16, 2010
2. ERDC/GSL TECHNICAL REPORT 11 - DRAFT PRELIMINARY GEOMORPHIC SITE INVESTIGATION OF THE TRINITY RIVER FLOODWAY DALLAS, TEXAS By Carla Roig-Silva, Ashley R. Manning, Benjamin D. Haugen, Richard S. Olsen, Joseph B. Dunbar, Danny W. Harrelson and Monte L. Pearson DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY Engineer Research and Development Center Geotechnical and Structures Laboratory 3909 Halls Ferry Road Vicksburg, Mississippi 39180-0631
3. LEVEE REMEDIATION PLAN DRAFT Prepared By: HNTB Corporation Dallas, Texas Dallas Floodway System February 8, 2010
4. PRELIMINARY ANALYSIS AND DESIGN CHECK OF THE LEVEE SYSTEMS FOR THE 100-YEAR FLOOD EVENT AND CURRENT STANDARD PROJECT FLOOD (SPF) LEVEL REPORT December 07, 2009
5. Trinity River, Dallas, TX, Floodway System: Fully-Softened Shear Strength Testing Program Isaac J. Stephens, Richard S. Olsen, Ashley R. Manning Berg, Gustavo Galan-Comas, Monte L. Pearson, Landris T. Lee, and Levi R. Coffing, Jr. August 2011
6. Periodic Inspection Report, Dallas Floodway Project, Trinity River, Dallas, Dallas County, Texas, Report No. 9. December 2007.
7. Utility Adjustments and Relocations Design Report Prepared for City of Dallas Trinity Lakes Project September 2008.
8. Best Practices in Dam Safety Risk Analysis, Version 2.2, April 2011. U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Reclamation and the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers.

Appendix I – Plates



#	Description	Strength Parameters		Hydraulic Conductivity			Color
		ϕ'	c' (psf)	cm/sec	ft/sec	ft/hrs	
1	Limestone	40	4500	3.05E-8	1.00E-9	3.60E-6	Violet
2	Shale	30	1500	3.05E-8	1.00E-9	3.60E-6	Violet
3	CH	See Figures 3 & 4		3.05E-6	1.00E-7	3.60E-4	Violet
4	CH FSS	See Figure 7		3.05E-4	1.00E-5	3.60E-2	Green
5	CL	See Figures 5 & 6		1.52E-5	5.00E-7	1.80E-3	Idigo
6	SC	30	0	3.05E-5	1.00E-6	3.60E-3	Idigo
7	SM	32	0	4.57E-3	1.50E-4	5.40E-1	Green
8	GC	35	0	3.05E-2	1.00E-3	3.60E+0	Yellow
9	SW-SC/SW-SM	30	0	3.05E-2	1.00E-3	3.60E+0	Yellow
10	SP	32	0	3.96E-2	1.30E-3	4.68E+0	Yellow
11	GP/GW	32	0	3.05E-1	1.00E-2	3.60E+1	Orange



May 1990 Hydrograph @ 0 hrs
May 1990 Hydrograph @ 342 hrs
* Denotes FILL

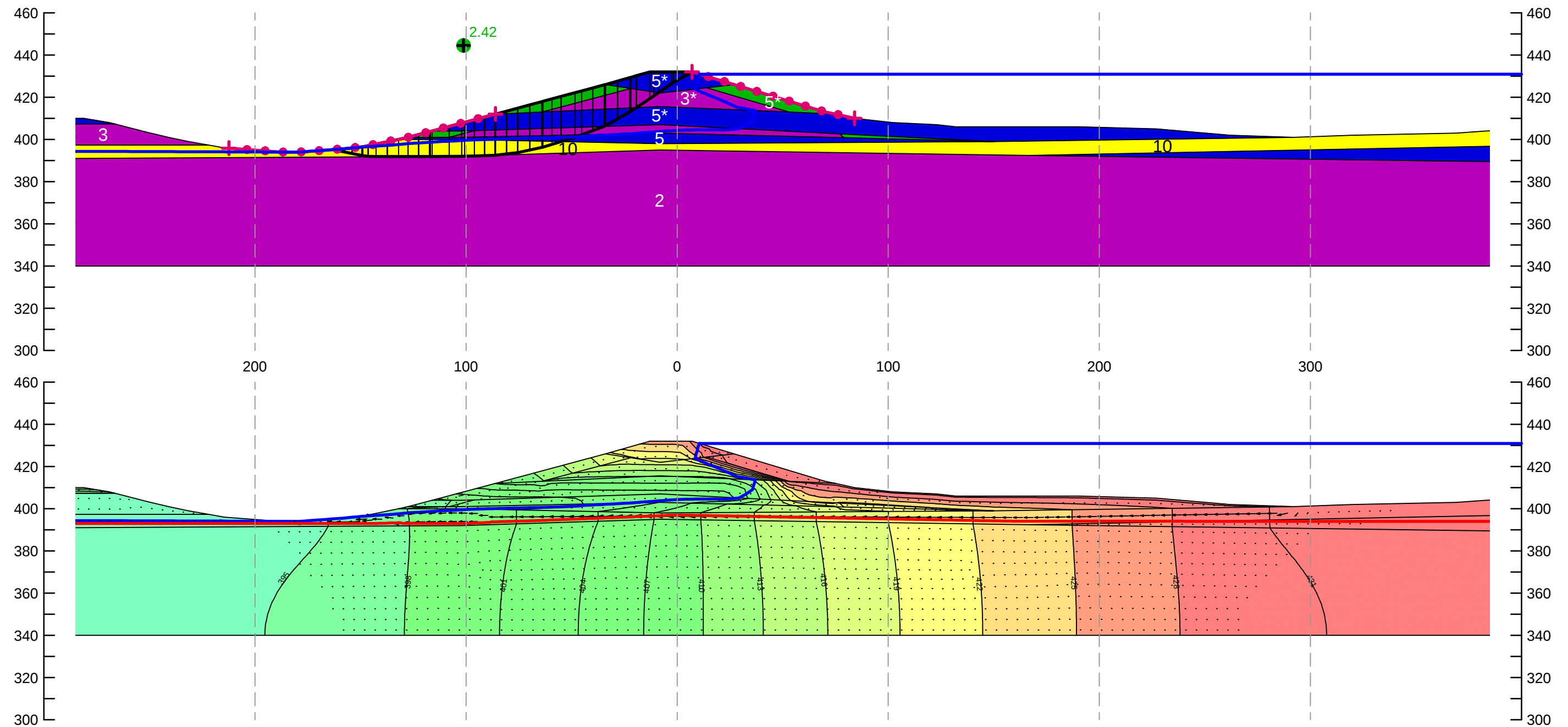
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DALLAS FLOODWAY

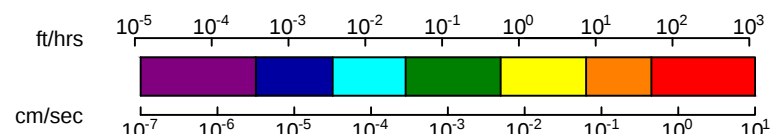
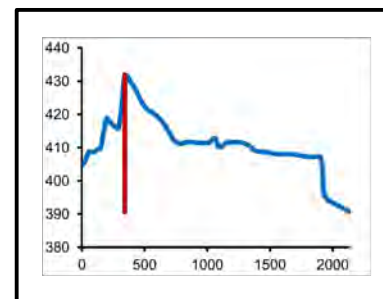


PLATE

8



#	Description	Strength Parameters		Hydraulic Conductivity			Color
		ϕ'	c' (psf)	cm/sec	ft/sec	ft/hrs	
1	Limestone	40	4500	3.05E-8	1.00E-9	3.60E-6	Violet
2	Shale	32	1000	3.05E-8	1.00E-9	3.60E-6	Violet
3	CH	See Figures 3 & 4		3.05E-6	1.00E-7	3.60E-4	Violet
4	CH FSS	See Figure 7		3.05E-4	1.00E-5	3.60E-2	Green
5	CL	See Figures 5 & 6		1.52E-5	5.00E-7	1.80E-3	Idigo
6	SC	30	0	3.05E-5	1.00E-6	3.60E-3	Idigo
7	SM	30	0	4.57E-3	1.50E-4	5.40E-1	Green
8	GC	35	0	3.05E-2	1.00E-3	3.60E+0	Yellow
9	SW-SC/SW-SM	30	0	3.05E-2	1.00E-3	3.60E+0	Yellow
10	SP	32	0	3.96E-2	1.30E-3	4.68E+0	Yellow
11	GP/GW	32	0	3.05E-1	1.00E-2	3.60E+1	Orange



May 1990 Hydrograph @ 0 hrs —
May 1990 Hydrograph @ 342 hrs —
* Denotes FILL

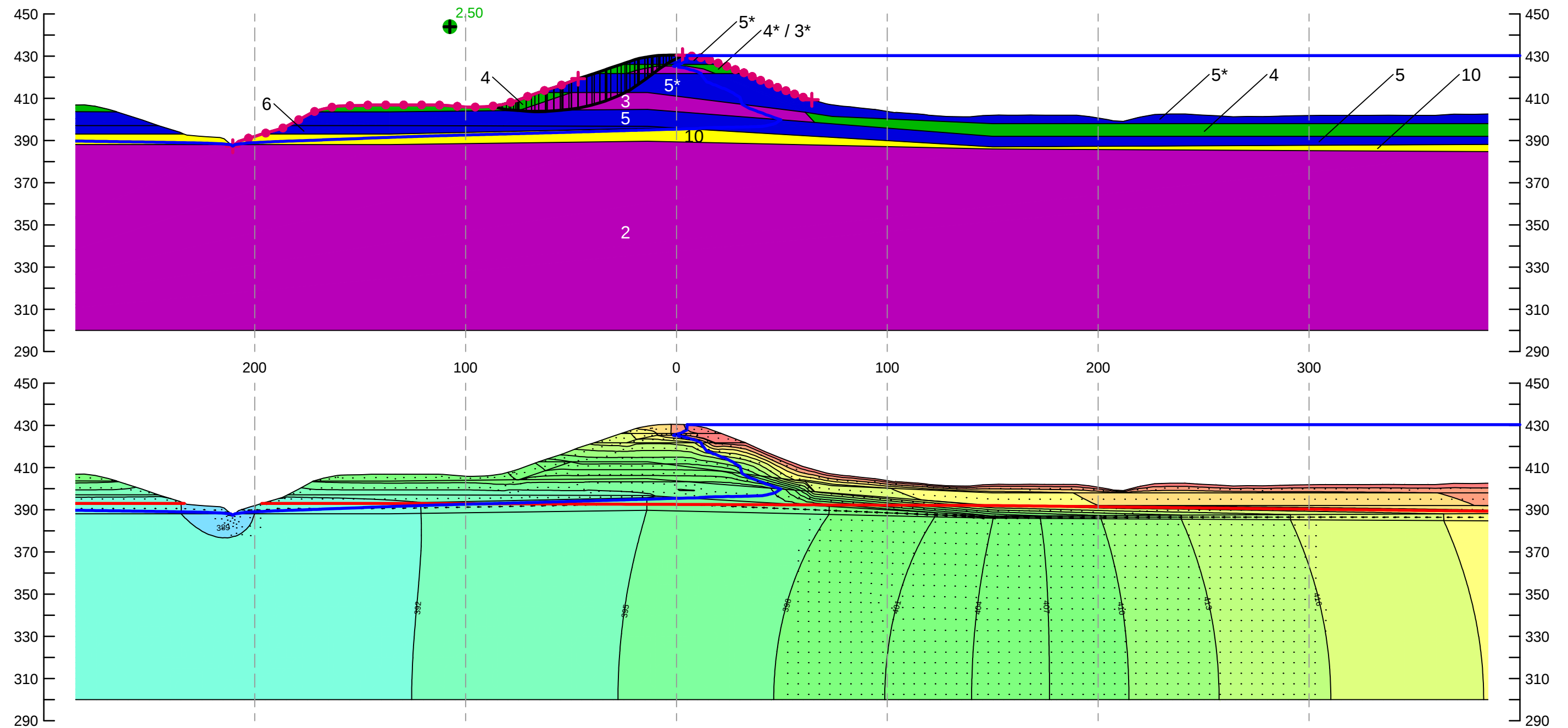
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DALLAS FLOODWAY

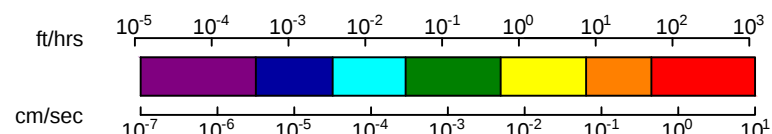
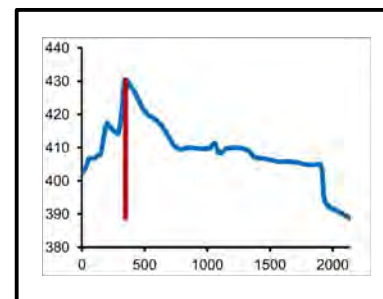


PLATE

7



#	Description	Strength Parameters		Hydraulic Conductivity			Color
		ϕ'	c' (psf)	cm/sec	ft/sec	ft/hrs	
1	Limestone	40	4500	3.05E-8	1.00E-9	3.60E-6	Violet
2	Shale	30	1000	3.05E-8	1.00E-9	3.60E-6	Violet
3	CH	See Figures 3 & 4		3.05E-6	1.00E-7	3.60E-4	Violet
4	CH FSS	See Figure 7		3.05E-4	1.00E-5	3.60E-2	Green
5	CL	See Figures 5 & 6		1.52E-5	5.00E-7	1.80E-3	Idigo
6	SC	30	0	3.05E-5	1.00E-6	3.60E-3	Idigo
7	SM	30	0	4.57E-3	1.50E-4	5.40E-1	Green
8	GC	35	0	3.05E-2	1.00E-3	3.60E+0	Yellow
9	SW-SC/SW-SM	30	0	3.05E-2	1.00E-3	3.60E+0	Yellow
10	SP	32	0	3.96E-2	1.30E-3	4.68E+0	Yellow
11	GP/GW	32	0	3.05E-1	1.00E-2	3.60E+1	Orange



May 1990 Hydrograph @ 0 hrs ————
May 1990 Hydrograph @ 348 hrs ————
* Denotes FILL

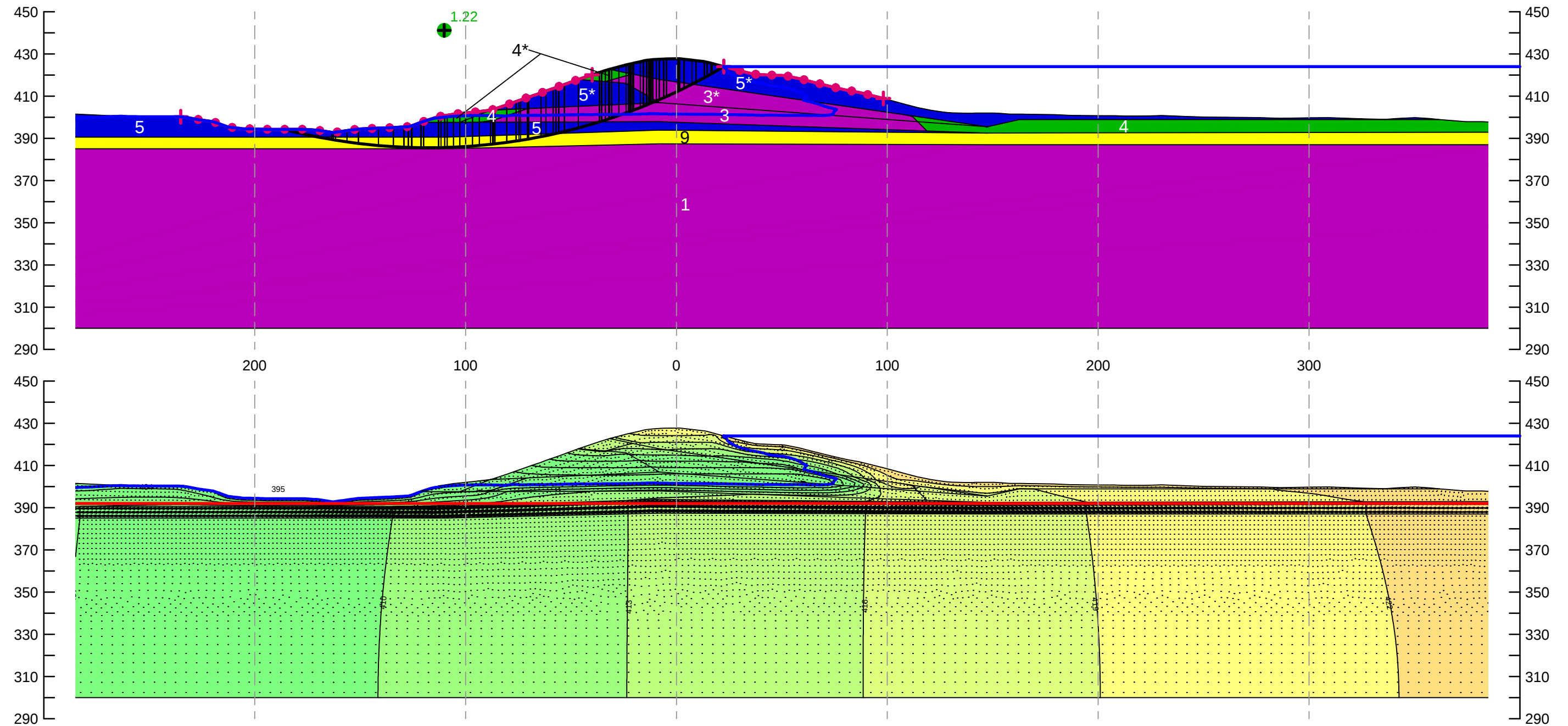
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DALLAS FLOODWAY

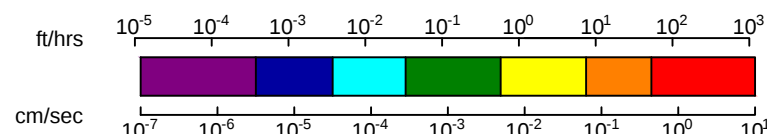
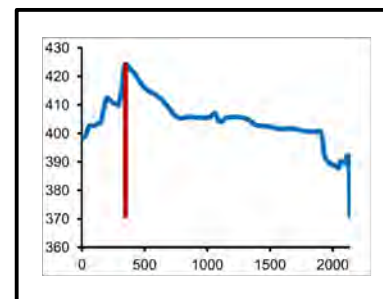


PLATE

6



#	Description	Strength Parameters		Hydraulic Conductivity			Color
		ϕ'	c' (psf)	cm/sec	ft/sec	ft/hrs	
1	Limestone	40	4500	3.05E-8	1.00E-9	3.60E-6	Violet
2	Shale	30	1000	3.05E-8	1.00E-9	3.60E-6	Violet
3	CH	See Figures 3 & 4		3.05E-6	1.00E-7	3.60E-4	Violet
4	CH FSS	See Figure 7		3.05E-4	1.00E-5	3.60E-2	Green
5	CL	See Figures 5 & 6		1.52E-5	5.00E-7	1.80E-3	Idigo
6	SC	30	0	3.05E-5	1.00E-6	3.60E-3	Idigo
7	SM	30	0	4.57E-3	1.50E-4	5.40E-1	Green
8	GC	35	0	3.05E-2	1.00E-3	3.60E+0	Yellow
9	SW-SC/SW-SM	30	0	3.05E-2	1.00E-3	3.60E+0	Yellow
10	SP	32	0	3.96E-2	1.30E-3	4.68E+0	Yellow
11	GP/GW	32	0	3.05E-1	1.00E-2	3.60E+1	Orange



May 1990 Hydrograph @ 0 hrs
May 1990 Hydrograph @ 348 hrs
* Denotes FILL

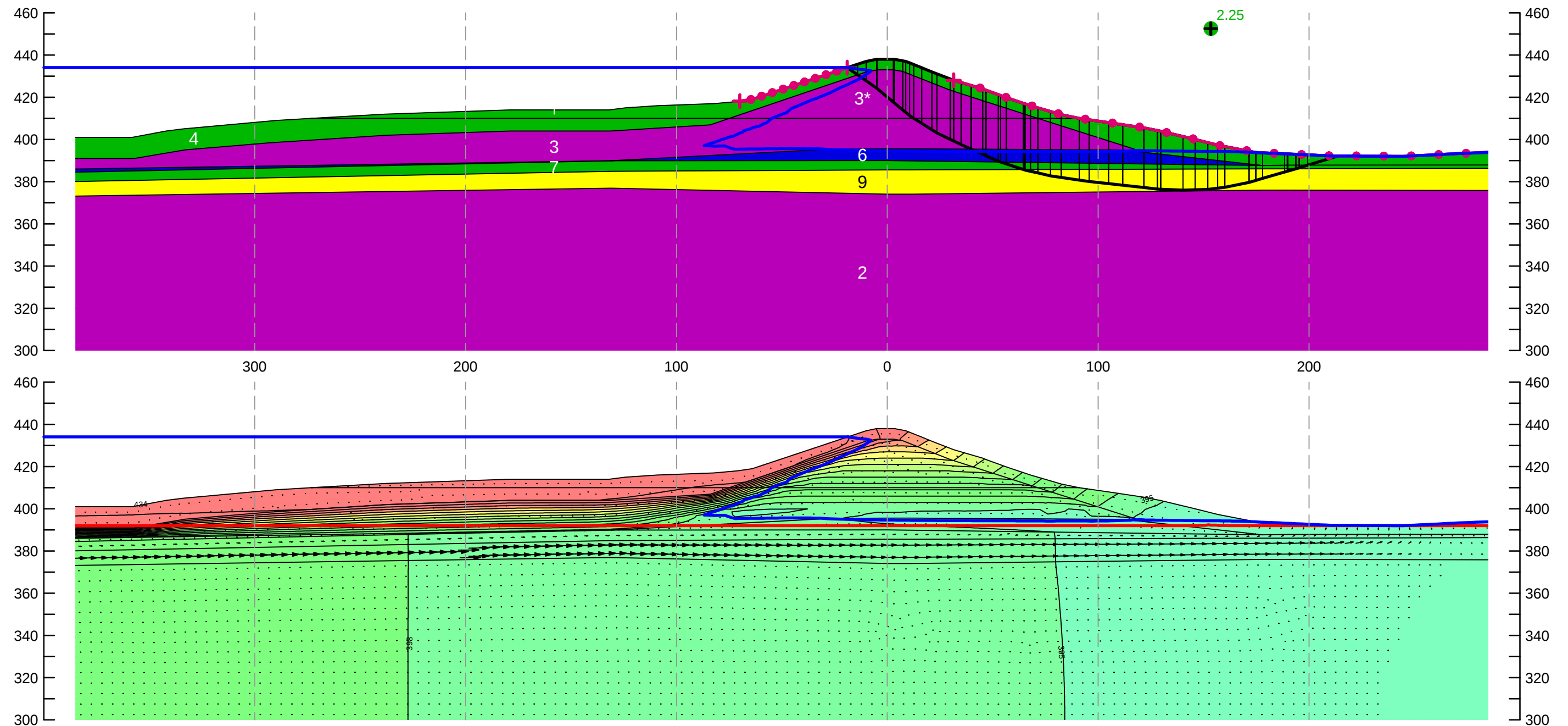
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DALLAS FLOODWAY

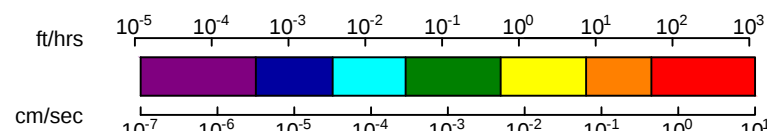
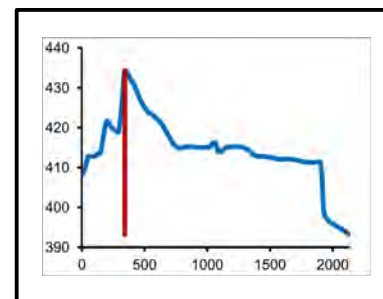


PLATE

5



#	Description	Strength Parameters		Hydraulic Conductivity			Color
		ϕ'	c' (psf)	cm/sec	ft/sec	ft/hrs	
1	Limestone	40	4500	3.05E-8	1.00E-9	3.60E-6	Violet
2	Shale	30	1000	3.05E-8	1.00E-9	3.60E-6	Violet
3	CH	See Figures 3 & 4		3.05E-6	1.00E-7	3.60E-4	Violet
4	CH FSS	See Figure 7		3.05E-4	1.00E-5	3.60E-2	Green
5	CL	See Figures 5 & 6		1.52E-5	5.00E-7	1.80E-3	Idigo
6	SC	30	0	3.05E-5	1.00E-6	3.60E-3	Idigo
7	SM	30	0	4.57E-3	1.50E-4	5.40E-1	Green
8	GC	35	0	3.05E-2	1.00E-3	3.60E+0	Yellow
9	SW-SC/SW-SM	30	0	3.05E-2	1.00E-3	3.60E+0	Yellow
10	SP	32	0	3.96E-2	1.30E-3	4.68E+0	Yellow
11	GP/GW	32	0	3.05E-1	1.00E-2	3.60E+1	Orange



May 1990 Hydrograph @ 0 hrs —
May 1990 Hydrograph @ 342 hrs —
* Denotes FILL

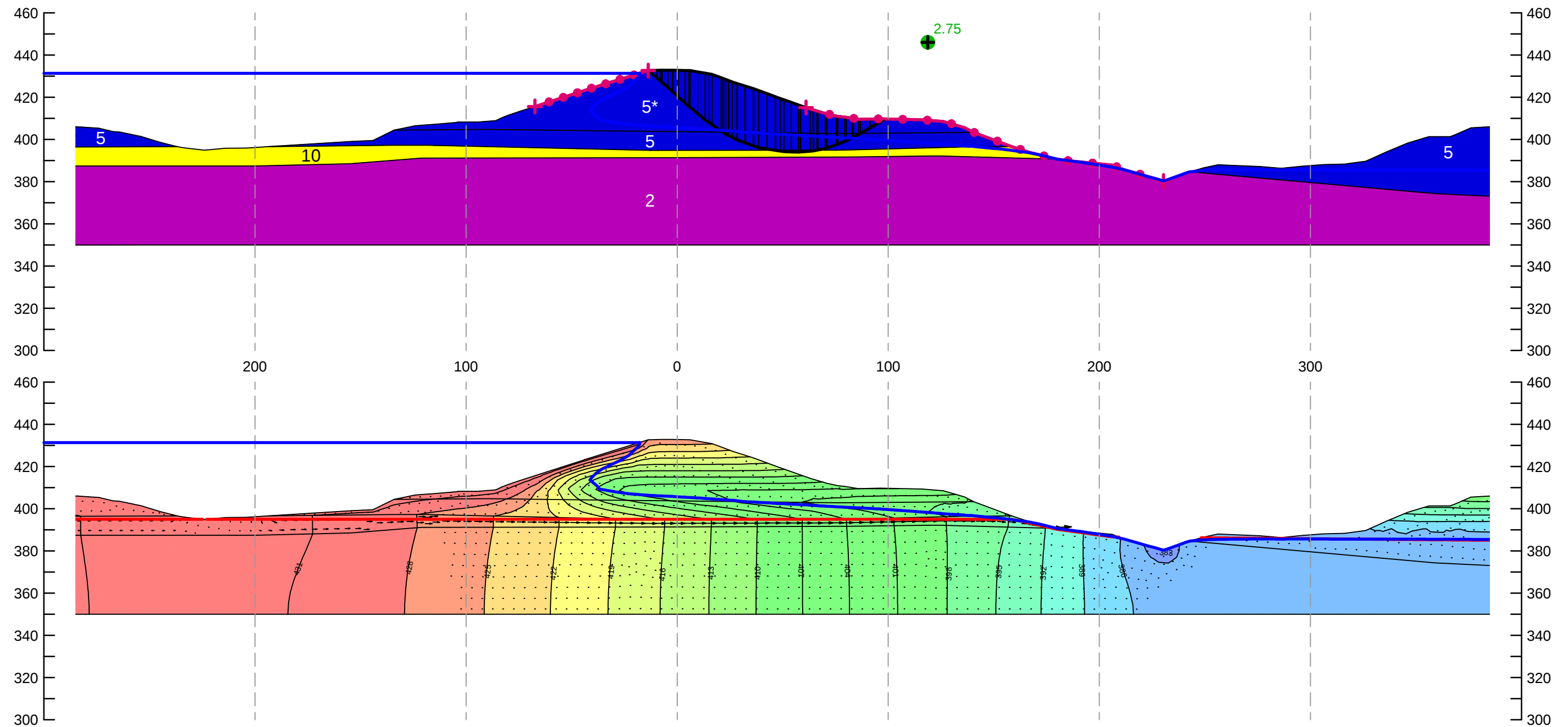
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DALLAS FLOODWAY

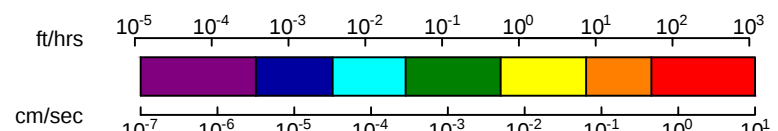
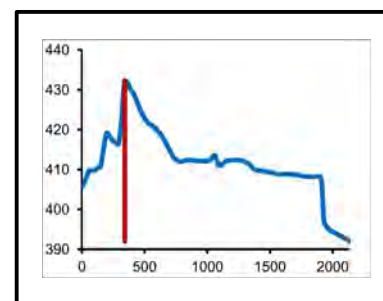


PLATE

4



#	Description	Strength Parameters		Hydraulic Conductivity			Color
		ϕ'	c' (psf)	cm/sec	ft/sec	ft/hrs	
1	Limestone	40	4500	3.05E-8	1.00E-9	3.60E-6	Violet
2	Shale	30	1000	3.05E-8	1.00E-9	3.60E-6	Violet
3	CH	See Figures 3 & 4		3.05E-6	1.00E-7	3.60E-4	Violet
4	CH FSS	See Figure 7		3.05E-4	1.00E-5	3.60E-2	Green
5	CL	See Figures 5 & 6		1.52E-5	5.00E-7	1.80E-3	Idigo
6	SC	30	0	3.05E-5	1.00E-6	3.60E-3	Idigo
7	SM	30	0	4.57E-3	1.50E-4	5.40E-1	Green
8	GC	35	0	3.05E-2	1.00E-3	3.60E+0	Yellow
9	SW-SC/SW-SM	30	0	3.05E-2	1.00E-3	3.60E+0	Yellow
10	SP	32	0	3.96E-2	1.30E-3	4.68E+0	Yellow
11	GP/GW	32	0	3.05E-1	1.00E-2	3.60E+1	Orange



May 1990 Hydrograph @ 0 hrs
May 1990 Hydrograph @ 342 hrs
* Denotes FILL

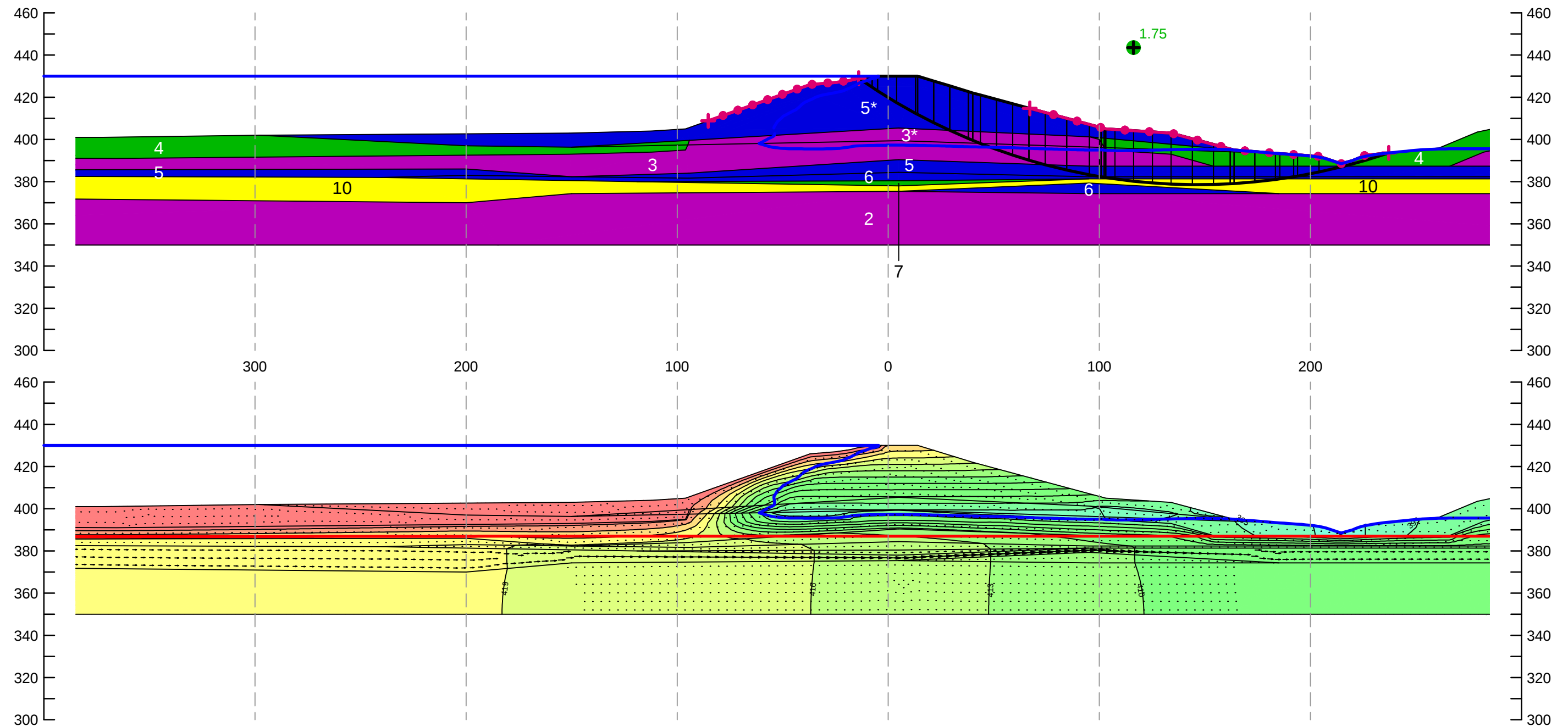
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DALLAS FLOODWAY

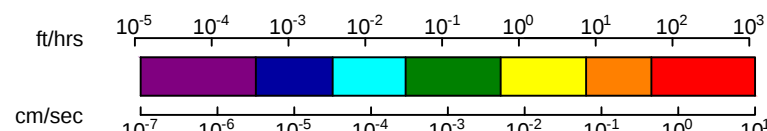
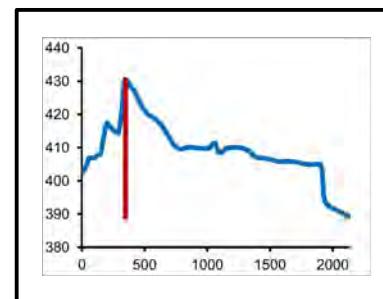


PLATE

3



#	Description	Strength Parameters		Hydraulic Conductivity			Color
		ϕ'	c' (psf)	cm/sec	ft/sec	ft/hrs	
1	Limestone	40	4500	3.05E-8	1.00E-9	3.60E-6	Violet
2	Shale	30	1000	3.05E-8	1.00E-9	3.60E-6	Violet
3	CH	See Figures 3 & 4		3.05E-6	1.00E-7	3.60E-4	Violet
4	CH FSS	See Figure 7		3.05E-4	1.00E-5	3.60E-2	Green
5	CL	See Figures 5 & 6		1.52E-5	5.00E-7	1.80E-3	Idigo
6	SC	30	0	3.05E-5	1.00E-6	3.60E-3	Idigo
7	SM	32	0	4.57E-3	1.50E-4	5.40E-1	Green
8	GC	35	0	3.05E-2	1.00E-3	3.60E+0	Yellow
9	SW-SC/SW-SM	30	0	3.05E-2	1.00E-3	3.60E+0	Yellow
10	SP	32	0	3.96E-2	1.30E-3	4.68E+0	Yellow
11	GP/GW	32	0	3.05E-1	1.00E-2	3.60E+1	Orange



May 1990 Hydrograph @ 0 hrs —
May 1990 Hydrograph @ 348 hrs —
* Denotes FILL

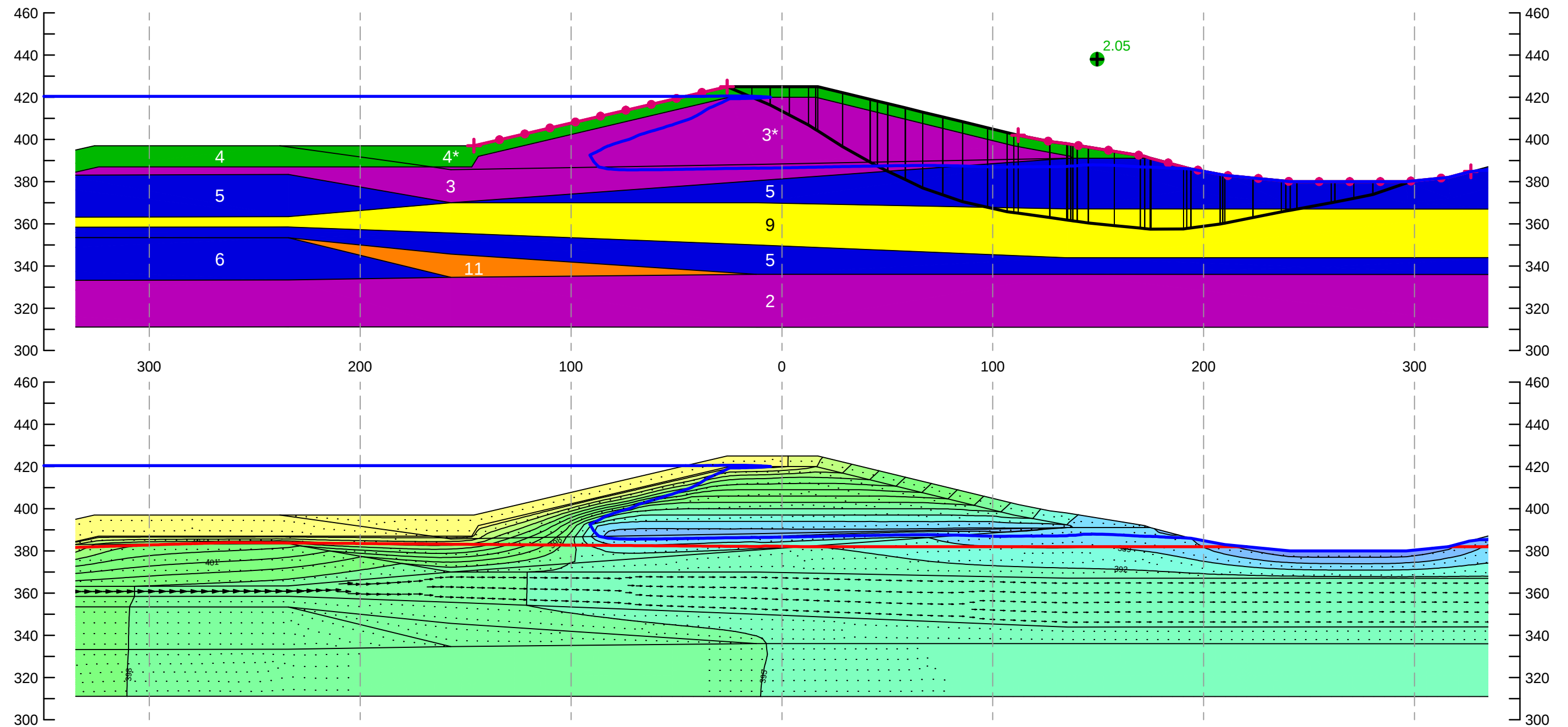
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DALLAS FLOODWAY

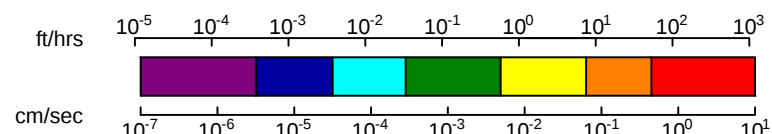
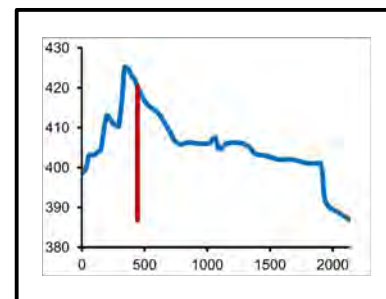


PLATE

2

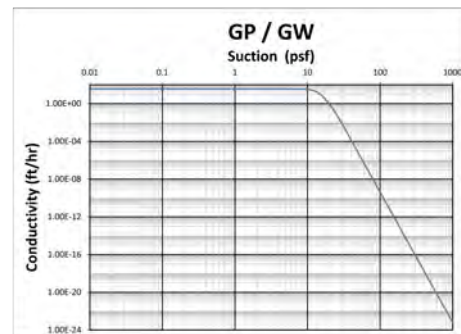
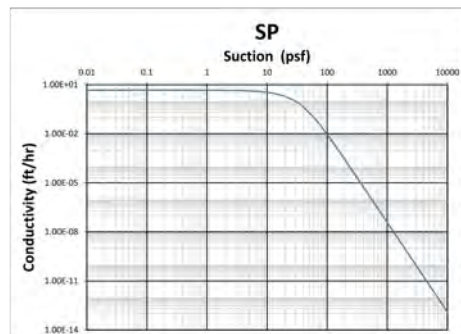
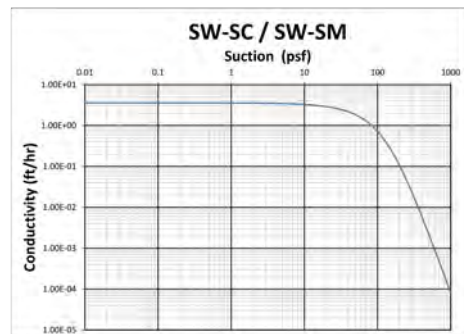
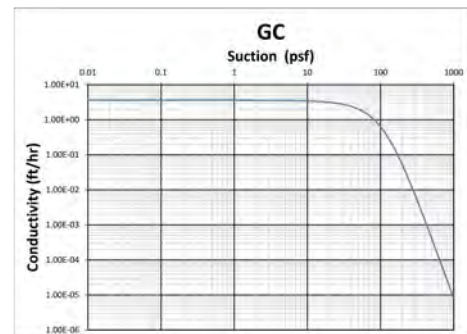
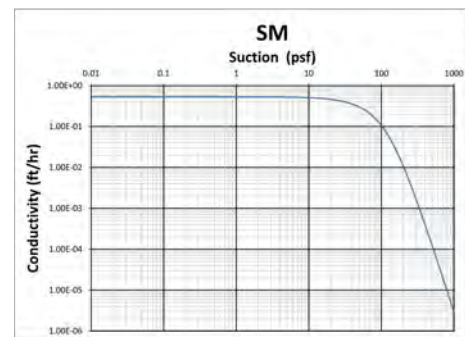
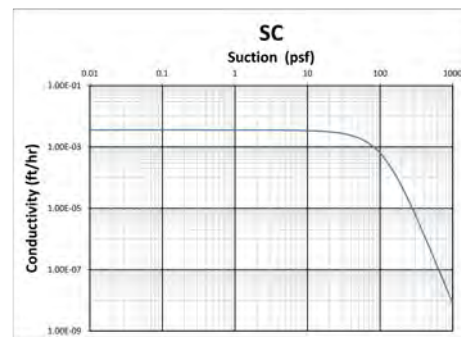
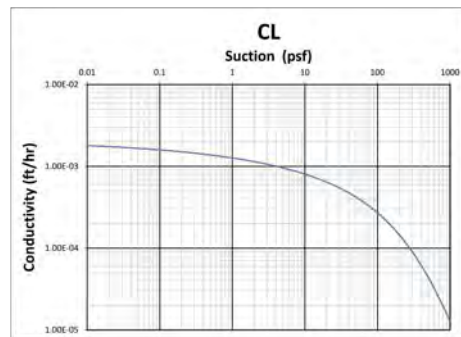
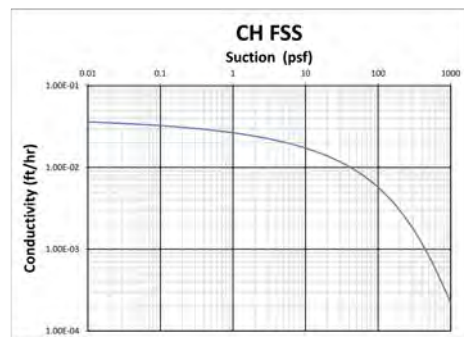
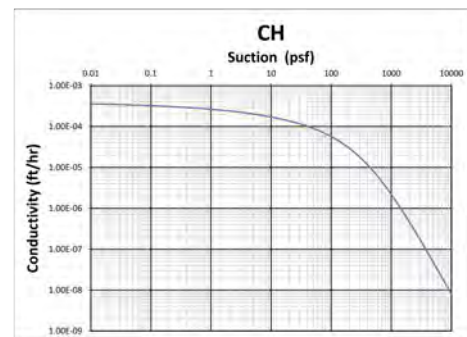
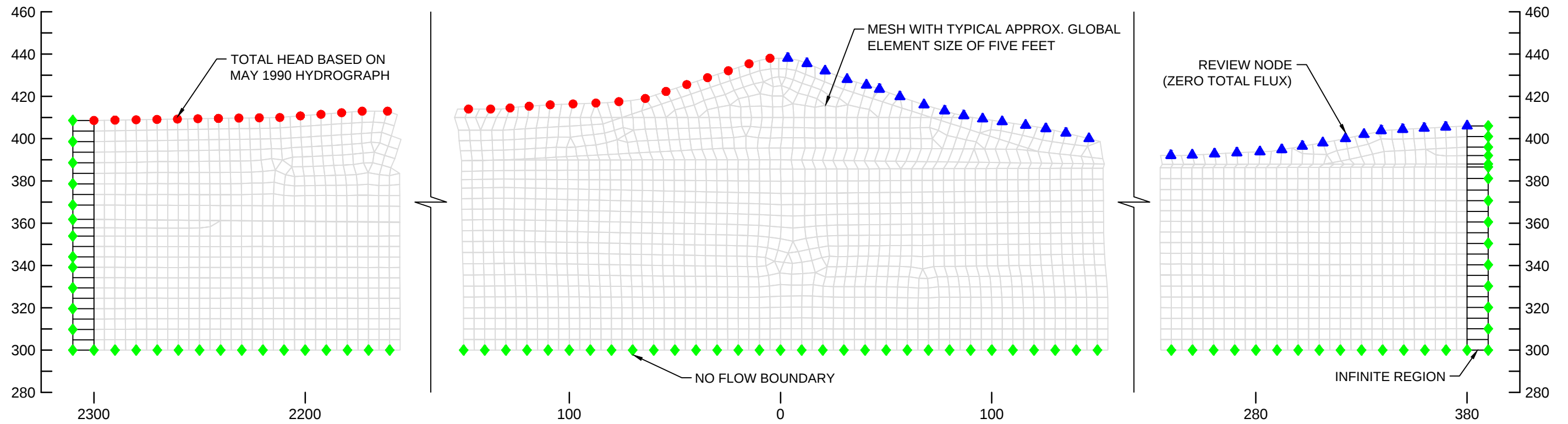


#	Description	Strength Parameters		Hydraulic Conductivity			Color
		ϕ'	c' (psf)	cm/sec	ft/sec	ft/hrs	
1	Limestone	40	4500	3.05E-8	1.00E-9	3.60E-6	Violet
2	Shale	30	1000	3.05E-8	1.00E-9	3.60E-6	Violet
3	CH	See Figures 3 & 4		3.05E-6	1.00E-7	3.60E-4	Violet
4	CH FSS	See Figure 7		3.05E-4	1.00E-5	3.60E-2	Green
5	CL	See Figures 5 & 6		1.52E-5	5.00E-7	1.80E-3	Idigo
6	SC	30	0	3.05E-5	1.00E-6	3.60E-3	Idigo
7	SM	30	0	4.57E-3	1.50E-4	5.40E-1	Green
8	GC	35	0	3.05E-2	1.00E-3	3.60E+0	Yellow
9	SW-SC/SW-SM	30	0	3.05E-2	1.00E-3	3.60E+0	Yellow
10	SP	32	0	3.96E-2	1.30E-3	4.68E+0	Yellow
11	GP/GW	32	0	3.05E-1	1.00E-2	3.60E+1	Orange



May 1990 Hydrograph @ 0 hrs
May 1990 Hydrograph @ 443 hrs
* Denotes FILL

EAST LEVEE STA 74+00	
DALLAS FLOODWAY	
	PLATE 1

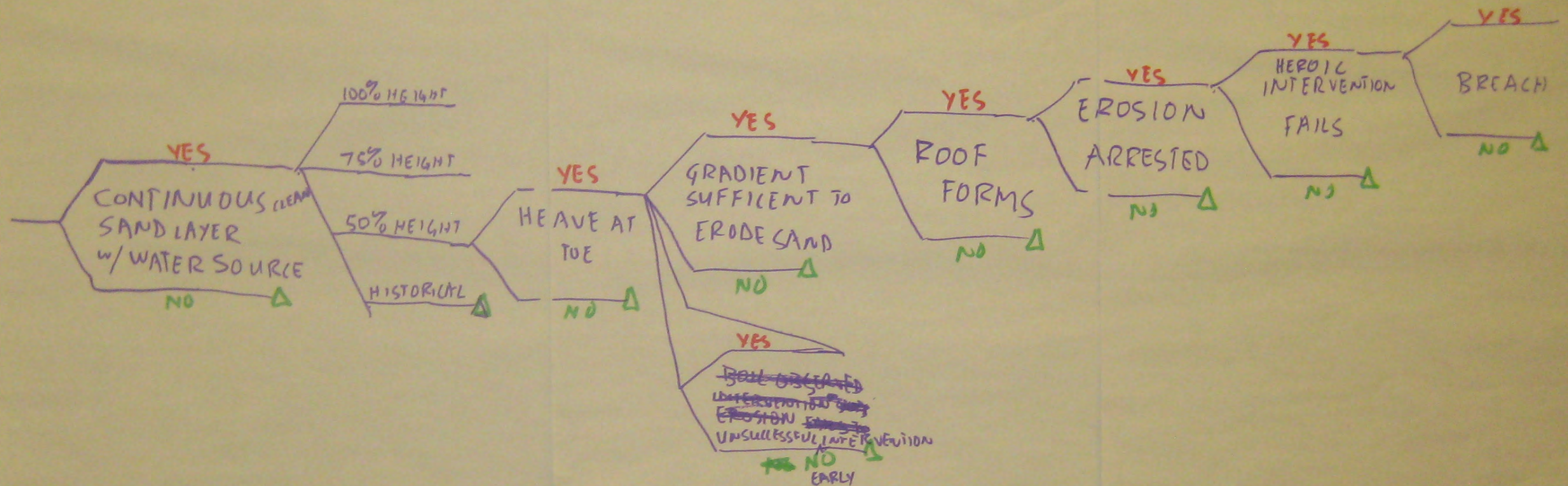


BOUNDARY CONDITION	
DALLAS FLOODWAY	
	PLATE 0

Appendix J – Original Flip Charts

POTENTIAL FAILURE MODE #8 - HEAVE

DALLAS FLOODWAY



DALLAS FLOODWAY - LENGTH EFFECTS 4

REACH	INTERNAL EROSION	HEAVE	GLOBAL INSTABILITY	PROGRESSIVE INSTABILITY
1		74E	74E	IMPROVEMENTS
2				
3		220E	220E	
4	OVER ~200 FT 311E	(410E?)		
5				X
6		(3 to 29 300W?) NEED TO RUN	(3 to 29 w?)	IMPROVEMENTS
7	250W (150W BETTER)	335W	NO FS < 1.0 (335W?)	X
8				
9	(450W?) CLAY SIMILAR TO 250W 433W LONGER STORAGE PATH THAN 30E			

DALLAS FLOODWAY PFM 13a-

(3)

GLOBAL INSTABILITY 74E

NODE - CL FDN LAYER D/S W/ $k < 10^{-7}$ cm/s
JUST LANDSIDE OF DESICLATED CH
MORE LIKELY

WERE TESTS IN CL-DATA SET
WHERE K WAS THIS LOW

0.1, 0.05, 0.1, 0.1, 0.1,
0.1, 0.15, 0.1, 0.2, 0.05,
0.1, 0.1, 0.1

ESTIMATES: ~~0.1, 0.05, 0.05,~~
~~0.07, 0.1, 0.5, 0.1, 0.1, 0.5,~~
~~0.05, 0.1, 0.01, 0.1~~

LOW	MEDIAN	HIGH
0.01 0.05	0.1 0.1	0.5 0.2

RATIONALE: HIGH EST.

LOW EST - THIS VALUE OF $k \sim 10^{TH}$ PERCENTILE
OF TEST VALUES, PROBABLY EMBANKMENT

- 10^{-7} cm/s
- NEAR LOWER BOUND OF K DATA SET FOR CL (LAB TESTS)
 - WOULD HAVE TO HAVE A CONTINUOUS CLAY LAYER W/ THIS LOW K VALUE
 - PROBABLE THAT LOWEST K-VALUES WERE FROM COMPACTED EMBANKMENT CL
 - LOGS INDICATE SAND IN CL LAYER
 - LAB K VALUES TYPICALLY ~~2-3~~ ORDER MAG LESS THAN FIELD
 - NEED LOW K LANDSIDE HIGH K CLAY

DALLAS FLOODWAY PFM 13a

②

GLOBAL INSTABILITY 74E

FULLY DESICCATED CLAY RIVERSIDE CONNECTS TO
BASAL SAND

MORE LIKELY

- SANDY MATERIAL IN CLAY COULD INCREASE k
- PZ STA 81 SHOW RESPONSE TO RIVER IN BASAL SAND
- THERE ARE LOCATIONS WHERE CH IS CLOSE TO BASAL SAND LW-33B, BN-10, LW-33/CPT EMBANK
- FT. WORTH LEVEES SHOW CLAYS W/MOISTURE BELOW SHRINKAGE LIMIT TO 25' DEPTH

RATIONALE: LOW = BORDERLINE CH,
DEPTH TO SAND, HIGHER WATER TABLE
HIGH - FT. WORTH EXPERIENCE

LESS LIKELY

- PZ. RESPONSE STA 81 INDICATES EITHER PERM OF CLAY CLOSER TO BESTEST. OR NO DIRECT CONNECTION BETWEEN CLAY & SAND
- MODEL SHOWS CONNECTION TO SAND @ 25' DEPTH AT A SMALL LATERALLY DISCONTINUOUS SAND LAYER - BASAL SAND IS DEEPER BELOW ADDITIONAL CLAY LAYER

ESTIMATES: 0.1, 0.01, 0.01,
0.01, 0.01, 0.05, 0.1, 0.1
0.05, 0.8, 0.05, 0.005,
0.01

L	MED	H
0.005	0.01	0.08

DALLAS FLOODWAY

PFM 13a-GLOBAL INSTABILITY 74E

NODE - FULLY DESICCATED FDN CH

THAT CONNECTS TO BASAL SAND HIGH K
MORE LIKELY LESS LIKELY

- SOME POSSIBLE ISSUES W/CPT CALIBRATION
- DESICCATION INCREASES VERT K WHICH WOULD CONNECT TO SAND
- MEASURED CRACKS TO 6' DEPTH W/TAPE MEASURE - COULD GO DEEPER THAN MEASURED
- DROUGHT COULD LOWER WATER TABLE BELOW PERIOD OF RECORD FOR PZ.
- ~~FT. WORTH NOISURE < SILT TO 24'~~
- SLICKENSIDES ~~MAY~~ MAY INCREASE K

- DESICCATION WOULD HAVE TO EXTEND TO DEPTH OF 25' TO 40' DEEP TO CONNECT TO SPLAYER
- BASELINE PZ LEVEL (GROUNDWATER) EL. 383 - CONTRA CH/SPLAT EL. 370 TO EL 355 FDN.
- LOGS SHOW CLAY LAYER LL ~ 60%, MARGINAL FOR CH - TOP LAYER LL-37%
- CPT INDICATES SILTY MATERIAL/LAYERS WITHIN CLAY LAYER
- ~~14-16' SAND~~

DALLAS FLOODWAY - LENGTH EFFECTS

④

P F M

REACH

INTERNAL
EROSION

HEAVE

GLOBAL
INSTABILITY

PROGRESSIVE
INSTABILITY

IMPROVEMENT

74E

74E

220E

220E

OVER ~200 FT

311E

~~(410E?)~~

X

(3 TO 29

~~300W?~~

(3 TO 29 W?)

NEED TO RUN

IMPROVEMENT

250W

(150W BETTER)

335W

NO FS < 1.0

~~(335W?)~~

X

~~(400W?)~~

~~GLAY~~ SIMILAR
TO 250W

433W

LONGER SEEPAGE
PATH THAN 311E

GLOBAL INSTABILITY

(61)

- MOSTLY DEPENDENT ON PORE PRESSURES WHICH ARE NOT LIKELY TO BE HIGH DUE TO TRANSIENT NATURE OF LOADING

PROGRESSIVE INSTABILITY

- DRIVEN BY RAINFALL SATURATION OF DESICCATED ZONE
- ONLY AN ISSUE FOR VERY HIGH RIVER STAGES
- UNLIKELY TO LOSE CREST
- Had to have coincident slides on river and land side

HEAVE / BLOWOUT OF CLAY CONFINING LAYER AND BACKWARD EROSION (60%)

- PORE PRESSURES COULD BE HIGH ENOUGH TO INITIATE AND PRODUCE BOILS BUT UNLIKELY TO PROGRESS TO RIVER FOR SIMILAR REASONS AS PREVIOUS PEM EVEN LONGER SEEPAGE PATH LIKELY

BACKWARD EROSION OF SAND LAYER

(59)

- NOT LIKELY TO PROGRESS DUE TO LONG SEEPAGE PATH = LOW GRADIENT
- CONTINUOUS, CLEAN SAND LAYER CONNECTED TO RIVER AND LANDSIDE DITCH - ~~SIGNIFICANT~~ UNLIKELY
- UNIFORMITY COEFFICIENT ^{OF SAND} NOT CONDUCTIVE TO LOW CRITICAL GRADIENT