

Sponsor: City of San Antonio

Ecosystem restoration on Olmos Creek degraded by detention basin and recreational facilities

Project Fact Sheet

Continuing Authorities Program (CAP)

July 21, 2015

Type of Project: Section 206, Aquatic Ecosystem

Restoration

Authorization: Water Resources Development Act of

1996

Latest Project Milestone: Feasibility Phase complete

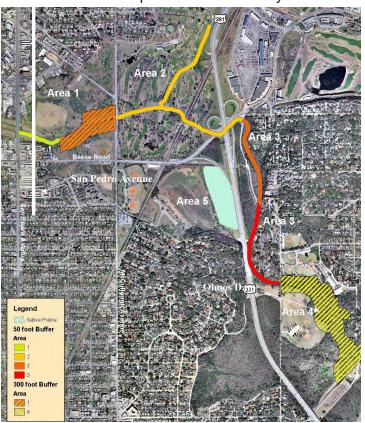
Status: The sponsor has reaffirmed interest in the project for design and construction

Background: Olmos Creek is in the central portion of Bexar County, Texas, 5 miles north of the city of



San Antonio's central business district. The study area lands are owned primarily by the city of San Antonio within the Olmos Basin Reservoir, a flood-risk management dry detention facility. The dry basin also hosts a variety of recreational facilities, including a city park, skeet range, golf course and baseball fields. The change in hydrology due to construction of the dam and these recreational areas negatively impacted aquatic ecosystems, grassland and bottomland forest habitat. This damaged one of the few continuous riparian corridors in this part of the state.

The recommended plan identifies ecosystem restoration measures to improve the aquatic and ripar-



ian habitat for resident and migratory species. returning the area back to a more natural condition. It would restore 73 acres of riprian corridor habitat with native tree, shrub and grass species. It would restore 17 acres of native prairie habitat. It would implement erosion control to reduce sediment deposits in 6 acres of Olmos Creek aquatic habitat. It would also create a continuous riparian corridor extending the length of the study area. It would provide passage from San Pedro Avenue to below Olmos Dam for migrating neo-tropical birds and other terrestrial species. Migratory birds use these areas as stopover points during long migrations to either nesting areas to the north or wintering areas in Central and South America. The riparian corridors connect with other habitats and provide a food source and resting area. These kind of habitats are diminishing and are very significant to the survival of numerous birds. The corridor would also provide much-needed shade to Olmos Creek and the vegetation would help prevent erosion.